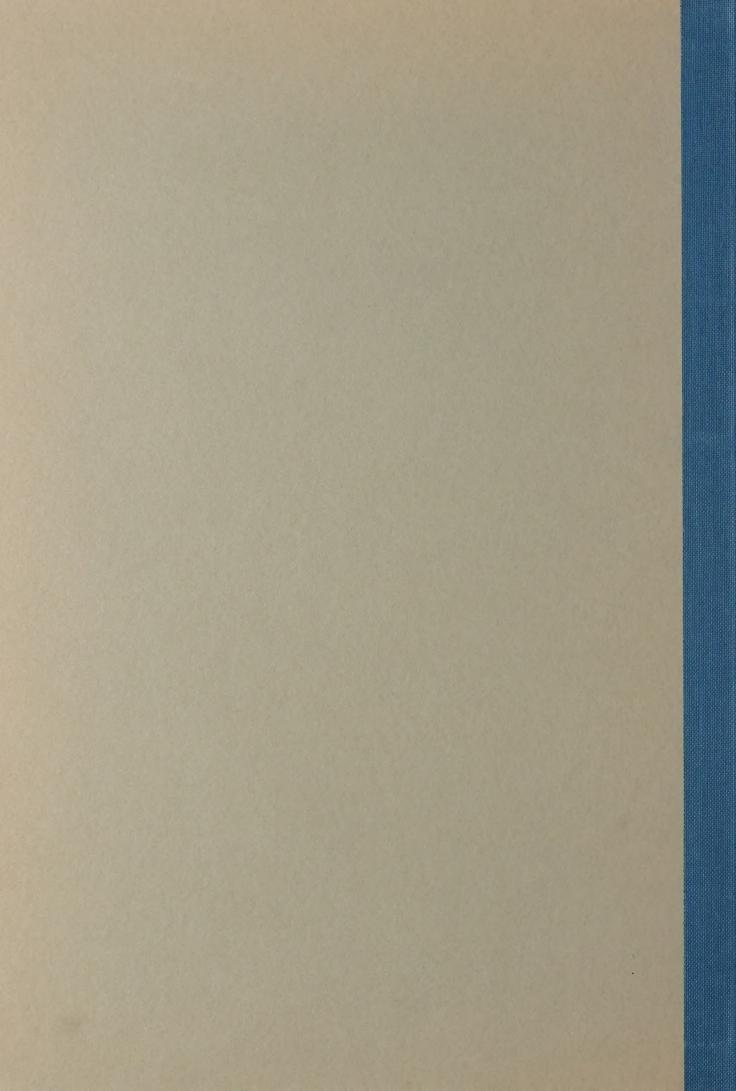


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(Spottiswoode) Lady John
Montagu-Douglas
Songs. Selections
Thirty songs by Lady
John Scott 2d ed.

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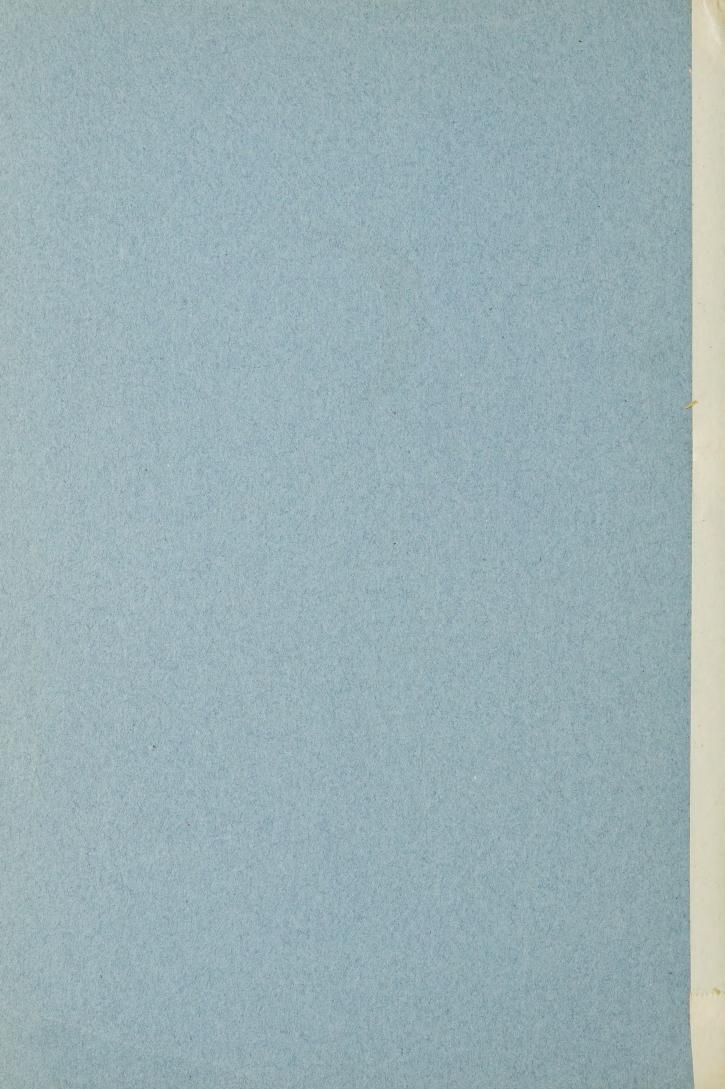


Ghirgy Songs





PATERSON & SONS EDINBURGH & LONDON.



SECOND EDITION.

THIRTY SONGS

BY

LADY JOHN SCOTT

(Composer of "Annie Laurie").

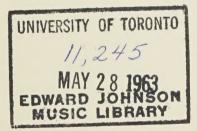
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ALFRED MOFFAT.

Edited by DONALD ROSS.

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PUBLISHERS' NOTE.

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EDITOR'S PREFACE.

As the present year is the hundredth anniversary of her birth, it seems to me to be a most fitting time to bring these songs to the notice of a larger public than they have hitherto enjoyed.

Through a correspondence I had with Miss Warrender in connection with the authorship of the words of "Douglas," I was pleased to learn that she had a similar desire, viz., to see them published in one collection and at a moderate price so as to make them available for all classes. I was still more delighted to learn that the Misses Warrender possessed a number of the unpublished Manuscripts of Lady John Scott; and these they willingly placed at my disposal.

I have now pleasure in issuing this, the complete collection of Lady John Scott's songs: sixteen have been previously published, and fourteen are from her unpublished MSS. Those who knew many of the former, with their sweet and plaintive melodies, will be pleased to learn that among the latter are a number of even more interesting songs. Many of these, I trust, will in time be added to our National Songs, through the singing of those interested in spreading a knowledge of the songs of our native land.

In addition to composing the melodies—many of which are very fine—Lady John Scott wrote the words of nearly all the songs; although, as she often remarked in her letters, the songs were written and the music composed at her own fancy and for her own amusement. She was a poetess and musician of no mean order, and her "Annie Laurie" is now the most celebrated and widely known Scottish Song.

The publication of all the songs in a single collection has presented an opportunity of providing them with accompaniments by one person. This was deemed necessary, as the published songs had been arranged by various composers, while many of the other MSS., Lady John Scott had merely left with an indication of the accompaniment. Mr. Moffat, while keeping the new accompaniments free from undue difficulties, has invested the songs with a new interest and more musicianly surroundings. Several versions of the words and music, both published and unpublished, were in existence. With the greatest reverence and with the concurrence of the relatives, I have compared and revised both; to their improvement, I sincerely trust.

My cordial acknowledgments are due to the Misses Warrender for their suggestions and invaluable assistance in connection with the publication, as through their relationship and residence with Lady John Scott they have a more intimate knowledge of her ideas and renderings of the songs than is possessed by any other person.

In the course of editing these songs I have become so imbued with their spirit—both words and music—that it has been a real pleasure to me to have known them, and I shall be amply repaid for the labour and care bestowed upon their production to learn that the same pleasure has been enjoyed by others.

DONALD Ross.

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LADY JOHN SCOTT.

LICIA ANNE SPOTTISWOODE—afterwards Lady John Scott—was the eldest child of John Spottiswoode of Spottiswoode, and of Helen Wauchope, his wife. On both father and mother's side she was descended from two of the oldest families in the South of Scotland. She was born on 24th June, 1810, the eldest of four children, who all lived to grow up, and of whom she was to be the last survivor. Her two brothers were soldiers. John, a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Grenadier Guards, died in 1846; while Andrew, the younger, served in the 9th Lancers through the Sikh War and the Mutiny. Her only sister, Margaret, married Sir Hugh Hume Campbell of Marchmont, in 1834, and died suddenly in Paris five years later, to the deep and unending grief of her family. The two sisters had been devoted to each other, and almost inseparable. Their constant companionship had been little interfered with by Alicia's marriage in 1836 to Lord John Scott, the Duke of Buccleuch's only brother. Both husbands were in Parliament, Sir Hugh as member for Berwickshire, Lord John for Roxburghshire; and when in Scotland, Cowdenknowes, Lady John's first married home, was within easy reach of both Marchmont and Spottiswoode.

Lord John had inherited from his grandmother, the Duke of Montagu's heiress, a fine property in Warwickshire, but during his minority, the old manor-house had been pulled down, and it was only by degrees that a new house rose in its place, gathering round it that medley of wood, park, and garden, which made it in after years so beautiful a spot. As both Lord and Lady John infinitely preferred Scotland, they only lived at Cawston for a short time each year; though it was there that Lord John kept his racing-stud. They often thought of buying a place in Scotland, but never found one that quite suited them. In turn they rented Cowdenknowes, Newton Don, Stichill, and Wool, all in their beloved Border-country; while Kirkbank, and Caroline Park, near Edinburgh, were lent to them by the Duke. Kirkbank was a shooting box on the Teviot, of which Lady John was very fond; and from there, with post-chaise and postilion, she explored the furthest bounds of Cheviot. At Caroline Park they lived less often; but its proximity to Granton made it convenient for yachting, an amusement in which Lord John delighted; and though Lady John was an indifferent sailor, she went many a cruise in the Lufra, and later in The Flower o' Yarrow, up the sea-lochs of the Western Highlands.

In the spring of 1860, Lord John died rather suddenly at Cawston. He had been in bad health for some years, ever since breaking his leg out hunting near Bowhill; but Lady John had not realised how ill he was, and his death was an overwhelming shock as well as sorrow. They never had any children, and her desolation was great. From that time she made Spottiswoode her chief home. Her father died in 1866 at the great age of eighty-seven, but with mind and faculties clear to the last. He left Spottiswoode to his widow for life; and at her death in 1870, it passed to Lady John. Thus, though living to see all those she loved best taken from her, she was spared the bitterness of leaving the spot she held dearest on earth; and to the last, the windswept moors, the rushy fields, and far-reaching woods of her old home remained hers. Latterly she never left them, except for her annual journey to the far North, and her duty-dictated visits to Cawston.

To those who did not know her it is difficult to convey the mixture of originality and simplicity, of brilliancy and humility, of warm heart and deep fearless feelings that made up such a fascinating personality. Those who remembered her in her youth, always spoke of her as possessing great charm and attraction. She was not very tall, but very slight and graceful. Her small head was beautifully set on her long neck; and she had inherited the heavy-lidded deep blue eyes, and curling hair of the Wauchopes. To the last, her skin kept its peach-like bloom and soft pink colouring; while age only added dignity to a distinction which was peculiarly her own. Her sister and she had been very carefully educated. Both were excellent French and Italian scholars, and well read in the literature of those countries, as well as of their own. Lady John drew well, with great

command of pencil and brush; and her water-colour sketches to the end bore the influence of De Wint's teaching. But the great gift of both sisters was music. Both had beautiful contralto voices, Lady Campbell's perhaps the finest, but to the last Lady John's showed the effect of the perfect training Garcia had given her—her enunciation was so clear, and the modulation of the voice so finished. She loved accompanying herself on the harp, which she said was the most delightful instrument to which to sing. She had thoroughly mastered harmony, and those who recollect her singing will remember that not its smallest charm was the beautiful ever-varying accompaniment, which sprang unconsciously from beneath her fingers. This facility was probably the reason that when she noted down her songs, the accompaniment was either left blank, or very roughly indicated. Her music was part of her life. She was always making tunes, or recalling the old ones with which her memory was stored; but no one was more humble about her own performances. "It came to me, and I wrote it down," or, "I made it for my own amusement," was her usual answer when asked about a song of her own; and she was so unfeignedly pleased when any one liked them.

Perhaps her most marked characteristic was her devotion to Scotland, and above all to her own home. This shows itself over and over again in her songs and poems. She used often to say in jest, but a jest that covered a real truth, "I would rather live in a pigsty in Scotland, than in a palace in England;" and though fond in a way of Cawston, from its association with Lord John, it was always from a sense of duty to her dependants that she went there; and the greatest joy she knew in latter years was to find herself back at Spottiswoode. Next to the love of her country came the love of her own people. Blood and kinship appealed far more strongly to her than any ordinary friendship; and this feeling became intensified as years passed on, till latterly her affections and interests seldom reached beyond her own and Lord John's family circles. Though apt to be shy and cold in her manner with strangers, no one could be more amusing when with her own people. She had a keen sense of humour and ready wit, and was a clever caricaturist; never tired of making fun of anything that hit her fancy. People who did not know her, had an idea that she was eccentric; but that she was not. She was too honest, too straightforwardly simple, and too dignified. But she held decided views on most subjects, and she always had the courage of her opinions. What the world thought, was a matter of perfect indifference to her; and she went on her own way unconcernedly.

Born and brought up amongst those to whom loyalty to their rightful King had meant exile and personal loss, she was a Jacobite to the back-bone; and the same feeling which had impelled her grandfather to risk everything in the Prince's cause, found voice with her in her songs. Her love for the things of the past existed from her childhood, when she used to collect and write down the traditionary songs and stories told her in the cottages round Spottiswoode. As she grew older, and life brought many sorrows, it took the form of disliking any break with the days that were gone. Those she had lost, remained as much part of her life as before. She talked of them freely, quoted their sayings, and was as much guided by what they had liked and approved, as if they were still here. There was nothing morbid in this clinging to the past; and as the years crept on, and the end drew nearer, more and more she looked forward to the meeting with those she had loved and lost long before. Up to the last her interest was as keen, her spirit as brave and alert as ever; and considering her great age she was wonderfully active. Influenza broke out at Spottiswoode in the spring of 1900, and she had not the strength to shake it off. She was only ill a few days. On Friday the 9th of March she was up as usual, and in her sitting-room. The following Monday (the 12th), she passed peacefully away in her ninetieth year; and on the sixty-fourth anniversary of her wedding-day she was laid to rest with her fathers in the old kirk at Westruther.

MARGARET WARRENDER.

NOTES ON THE SONGS

By DONALD ROSS.

AE SMILE BEFORE WE PART, LASSIE.

From the unpublished MSS. Vocal Duet.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.

The words were written in 1834, when Lady John Scott was staying at her sister's, Lady Hume-Campbell, at Marchmont.

AFTER CULLODEN.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

From the unpublished MSS., where it is headed, "Lament of the wife of a Loyalist who died of his wounds after the Battle of Culloden."

This was the last battle fought on British soil, and took place on 16th April, 1746, between the Hanoverian forces under the Duke of Cumberland and the Highland army under Prince Charles Edward, ending in the defeat of the latter. The battlefield is six miles from Inverness.

ANNIE LAURIE.

First and second verses altered, and third verse written by Lady John Scott. Melody by Lady John Scott.

To the vast majority even of Scottish people the name of Lady John Scott will be almost unknown; and it will be news to many that in addition to being composer of the now world-famous song, "Annie Laurie," she was also the authoress and composer of several other songs, some of which have attained a considerable amount of public fame.

Lady John Scott founded her song on the words as given in "Songs of Scotland," edited by Allan Cunningham, 1825, although they had appeared a short time before in a small book of songs entitled "A Ballad Book," by Charles Kirkpatrick Sharpe, privately printed in 1824. This book (of which only thirty copies were printed) was evidently unknown to her; as in all her references to the source of her song she always mentioned Allan Cunningham's book.

In reply to a request by the present editor as to how much of the song was her work, Lady John Scott replied that she left the first verse almost as she found it, altered the second, and wrote the third, and composed the air. It was composed by her in 1835 while on a visit to her sister, Lady Hume-Campbell, at Marchmont, and was first published in 1838 in Volume 3 of "The Vocal Melodies of Scotland" (edited by Finlay Dun and John Thomson) by Paterson & Roy, 27 George Street, Edinburgh. No name was given as to either the author or composer, the accompaniment being by Finlay Dun.

For comparison we give both versions of the words:-

ANNIE LAURIE.

Maxwelton banks are bonnie,
Whare early fa's the dew;
Whare me and Annie Laurie
Made up the promise true;
Made up the promise true,
And never forget will I,
And for bonnie Annie Laurie
I'd lay down my head and die.

She's backit like a peacock,
She's breastit like a swan,
She's jimp about the middle,
Her waist ye weill may span;
Her waist you weill may span,
And she has a rolling eye,
And for bonnie Annie Laurie
I'd lay down my head and die.*

* Sir Robert Laurie, first baronet of the Maxwelton family (created 27th March, 1685), by his second wife, a daughter of Riddell of Minto, had three sons and four daughters, of whom Annie was much celebrated for her beauty, and made a conquest of Mr. Douglas of Fingland, who is said to have composed these verses—under an unlucky star, for the lady afterwards married Mr. Fergusson of Craigdarroch.—C. K. S.

From "A Ballad Book of Songs, etc." Collected by Charles Kirkpatrick Sharpe of Hoddam, and published by him for his private friends in 1824.

The first publication of the words.

ANNIE LAURIE.

Maxwelton braes are bonnie,
Where early fa's the dew,
And it's there that Annie Laurie
Gie'd me her promise true;
Gie'd me her promise true,
Which ne'er forgot will be;
And for bonnie Annie Laurie
I'd lay me doune and dee.
Her brow is like the snaw-drift,
Her throat is like the swan;

Her face it is the fairest*

That e'er the sun shone on;
That e'er the sun shone on,
And dark blue is her e'e;
And for bonnie Annie Laurie
I'd lay me doune and dee.

Like dew on the gowan lying
Is the fa' o' her fairy feet;
And like winds in summer sighing,
Her voice is low and sweet;
Her voice is low and sweet,
And she's a' the world to me;
And for bonnie Annie Laurie
I'd lay me doune and dee.

*Bonniest, in 1854 version, and the word used in singing by Lady John Scott.

From Vol. 111. p. 89, "The Vocal Melodies of Scotland." Arranged, with Symphonies and Accompaniments for the Pianoforte, by FINLAY DUN and JOHN THOMSON.

Published October, 1838.

The first publication of words and music.

It is not surprising that the name of Lady John Scott was not mentioned in connection with the first publication when one recollects that all Scottish songs written or composed by *ladies*, from "The Flowers o' the Forest," by Jane Elliot, onwards, were published anonymously, and it was about twenty years afterwards when it was issued in a series of six songs published by her for the benefit of the wives and families of the soldiers ordered to the East (1854), that her name was given. These few songs having a limited sale, the authoress was truly unknown to the public; hence the different requests she received from all quarters as to whether it was her composition.

In a letter to Lord Napier, Lady John says:—"I made the tune very long ago, to an absurd ballad originally Norwegian, I believe, called 'Kempie Kaye;' and once before I was married, I was staying at Marchmont, and fell in with a collection of Allan Cunningham's poetry. I took a fancy to the words of 'Annie Laurie,' and thought they would go well to the tune I speak of. I did not quite like the words, however, and I altered the verse, 'She's backit like a peacock' to what it is now; and made the third verse, 'Like dew on the gowan,' etc., myself—only for my own amusement. But I was singing it, and, as Hugh Campbell and my sister Maggie liked it, I accordingly wrote it down for them."

Annie Laurie was the daughter of the Laird of Maxwelton. She was born in 1682, and married Alexander Fergusson of Craigdarroch in 1709. Her will, dated 1711, is preserved at Craigdarroch, where also is her marriage-stone dated 1729, some years therefore after her marriage. Her father and mother's marriage-stone is at Maxwelton (no date). The grandfather and grandmother's stone is also at Maxwelton, dated 1641.

THE BOUNDS O' CHEVIOT.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.

THE COMIN' O' THE SPRING.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

THE CRUEL STEPMOTHER.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

DOUGLAS.

Words by Mrs. CRAIK.

Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.

The song is better known from the words of the last line of each verse, "Douglas, tender and true."

Although published more than fifty years ago, this is the first time the name of the author has been given; and it was through my endeavour to trace the origin of the words of this song that the inception of this collection of Lady John Scott's songs is in a large measure due. (See Preface.)

In a letter to Lord Napier, Lady John Scott writes:—" I saw the words many years ago in 'Notes and Queries.' I don't know whose they are; but I liked them very much and wrote to the Editor to ask if he had any objection to my putting a tune to them. He gave me leave and I did so."

Dinah Maria Craik (*nèe* Mulock), English novelist, was born at Stoke-upon-Trent in the year 1826; died October, 1887; authoress of the celebrated novel, "John Halifax, Gentleman." published in 1856. Miss Mulock (as she then was) composed music to the words of "Douglas" herself, and words and music were published in a book of songs.

The words have also been set by other composers.

DURISDEER.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.

The original edition is headed, "Written on a little lonely church and burial-ground in the Pass of Durisdeer, Dumfriesshire," this was a place for which Lady John Scott had always a great fancy.

The original accompaniment was by Miss Elizabeth Masson.

Durisdeer is a village near Drumlanrig Castle, a seat of the Duke of Buccleuch, in Upper Nithsdale. The song was written a year or two after her marriage. A charming glimpse of the scenery of Durisdeer is given by Dorothy Wordsworth, who with her brother and Coleridge drove up from Thornhill to Wanlockhead on 19th August, 1804.

ETTRICK.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott. Also known as "O, Murmuring Waters." The Ettrick is a river in Selkirkshire.

FAREWELL! MY HEART BEATS LOW.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

THE FOUL FORDS.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN Scott. This song was also known under the title of "Jamie is gane."

The Foul Fords is a place which lies on a little burn where the track from Greenlaw to Longformacus crosses the march between Marchmont and Spottiswoode.

HER EYES THE GLOW-WORM LEND THEE.

Words by Robert Herrick.

Melody by Lady John Scott.

The original accompaniment was by William Hutchins Callcott.

The title of this lyric given by the author is "The Night-piece to Julia," and is in four verses.

Robert Herrick, born in 1591, and died 1674 at Dean Prior, Devonshire. One of the greatest of English lyric poets.

I THOUGHT WE MUST BE DREAMING.

From the unpublished MSS.

Melody by Lady John Scott.

The words were taken from "Blackwood's Magazine."

JEANNIE CAMERON'S DEATH SONG.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

The original accompaniment was by William Hutchins Callcott (1807-1882).

In a preceding note, it has been mentioned that the wife of the Laird of Moy joined the Prince in opposition to her husband; but the heroism of that lady was equalled if not surpassed by the famous Miss Jenny Cameron of Glendessery, who not only promptly joined Charles with a body of men, but attended him afterwards in all his exploits. Miss Cameron, when she heard the news of the Prince's arrival, finding her nephew, the laird, a minor, and, at any rate, a youth of no capacity, immediately set about rousing the men to arms herself, and when a summons was sent by Lochiel to her nephew, she set off to Charles's headquarters, at the head of two hundred and fifty followers of the clan, well armed. She herself was dressed in a sea green riding habit, with a scarlet lapell, trimmed

with gold, her hair tied behind in loose buckles, with a velvet cap and scarlet feathers. She rode on a bay gelding decked with green furnishing, which was fringed with gold. Instead of a whip she carried a naked sword in her hand, and in this equipage arrived at the camp. A female officer was a very extraordinary sight, and it being reported to the Prince, he went out of the lines to meet this supply. Miss Jenny rode up to him without the least symptom of embarrassment, gave him a soldier-like salute, and then addressed him in words to the following effect:—That as her nephew was not able to attend the royal standard, she had raised his men, and now brought them to His Highness; that she believed them ready to hazard their lives in his cause, and though at present they were commanded by a woman, yet she hoped they had nothing womanish about them; for she found that so glorious a cause had raised in her breast every manly thought, and quite extinguished the woman. "What an effect then," added she, "must it have on those who have no feminine fear to combat, and are free from the incumbrance of female dress? These men, sir, are yours; they have devoted themselves to your service; they bring you hearts as well as hands; I can follow them no further, but I shall pray for your success." This address being over, she ordered her men to pass in review before the Chevalier, who expressed himself pleased with their appearance, but much more so with the gallantry of their female leader. He conducted her to his tent, and treated her in the most courteous manner. Her natural temper being extremely frank and open, she was as full of gaiety as a girl of fifteen. The Prince was therefore much delighted with her conversation, and while she continued in the camp, he spent many of his leisure hours with her. He used frequently to style her Colonel Cameron, and by that title she was often jocularly distinguished afterwards. She continued with the army till they marched into England, and joined it again in Annandale on its return, and being in the battle fought on Falkirkmuir, she was there taken prisoner and committed to the Castle of Edinburgh. She afterwards got free, and was chosen guardian of her nephew as long as she lived.—Note in "Jacobite Minstrelsy." Griffin & Co., Glasgow, 1829.

KATHERINE LOGIE.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

This song was also known under the title of "When the sun sets o'er the Lily Lea," and was one of the set of six published in 1854 for the benefit of the wives and families of the soldiers ordered to the Crimean War. The original accompaniment was by William Hutchins Callcott (1807-1882).

KILPAULET BRAE.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

Kilpaulet Brae is in the heart of Lammermuir, at a place called the Lone Mile, near where the Fastnet Water runs into the Whitadder.

LADY BLANCHE'S BURIAL.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.

Written before her marriage.

THE LADY DUNDEE'S LAMENT.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

It is headed "Lament of Lady Dundee" for her husband, Viscount Dundee (Claverhouse), who was killed at the Battle of Killiecrankie.

LAMMERMUIR.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott. Written in 1852.

MOTHER, OH! SING ME TO REST.

Words by Mrs. Hemans.

Melody by Lady John Scott.

This is No. 9 of twelve songs entitled "Songs of Spain," which were originally written by Mrs. Hemans for a set of airs, entitled "Peninsula Melodies," selected by Col. C. W. Hodges, and published in 1830 by Goulding & D'Almaine, London.

Felicia Dorothea Hemans (nèe Browne), born at Liverpool, 25th September, 1793, and died at Dublin, 16th May, 1835, aged 41 years. She was buried in a vault beneath St. Anne's Church in Dublin, close to the house where she died. English poetess, author of "The Better Land," "Graves of a Household," etc.

MY PRINCE.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

Written in 1881 on the subject of Prince Charles Edward Stuart's defeat on Culloden Moor.

REMORSE.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott. Written in 1874.

SHAME ON YE, GALLANTS.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.

A Jacobite song.

The original accompaniment was by William Hutchins Callcott (1807-1882).

SIR BERTRAM.

A Liddesdale ballad, also known under the title of "They shot him on the Nine-stane Rigg."

The melody is by Lady John Scott, and the original accompaniment to it was by Miss Elizabeth Masson, contralto singer and composer, born in Scotland early in the nineteenth century, and died at London in January, 1865.

The words of "Barthram's Dirge" (original title) were palmed off on Sir Walter Scott as a genuine antique by Mr. Surtees, who stated that it was taken down "from the recitation of Anne Douglas, who weeded in his garden," and, the better to conceal his hand, he alleged that the words within brackets were inserted by him to supply such stanzas as his informant's memory left defective. They were published in "The Minstrelsy of the Scottish Border."

Taylor, in his life of Surtees, supplies the following note by the Rev. James Raine:—
"I, one evening, in looking through Scott's Minstrelsy, wrote opposite to this dirge,
"Aut Rob. Aut Diab." Surtees called shortly after, and pouncing upon the remark,
justified me, by his conversation on the subject, in adding to my note, "Ita, Teste Seipso.""
—Note in T. F. Henderson's edition of "Border Minstrelsy." Vol. II., p. 143.

Robert Surtees (1779-1834), antiquary and topographer, native of Durham, born (appropriately, if one consider his fondness for hoaxing fellow-antiquarians) on 1st April, studied for the law, but was never called to the bar, succeeded his father in the estate of Mainsforth, Co. Durham, in 1802.

The Nine-stane Rigg is a very curious place in Liddesdale, on a moor of the Duke of Buccleuch's called Newlands, where Lord John Scott used often to go to stalk blackcock. It is a Druidical Circle, and all sorts of stories are told about it. They say it was there that Lord Soulis was boiled in a cauldron of lead.

THE SPECTRE'S LULLABY.

Words by James Hogg (The Ettrick Shepherd).

Melody by Lady John Scott.

These verses are from "The Queen's Wake," Hogg's finest work both in conception and finish. It was published in 1813, and contains "Kilmeny," a fine work of imagination, and "The Witch of Fife," a real work of fancy. The "Spectre's Cradle Song" (as it is called in the poem), occurs in "Night the Second."

The words of the second verse were altered by Lady John Scott (who it must be remembered was herself a poetess) to make them more suitable for setting to music.

James Hogg, commonly called "The Ettrick Shepherd," was born at Ettrick Dale in the valley of the Ettrick, Selkirkshire. The precise date of his birth is unknown, but according to the Baptismal Register of the parish of Ettrick, he was baptized on the 9th December, 1770. He died on the 21st November, 1835, at the farm of Altrive, in Yarrow, granted rent free to him in his later years by the Duke of Buccleuch. Among Scottish poets he ranks next to Burns.

THINK ON ME.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.

WEEP FOR THE MOURNERS.

From the unpublished MSS.

Melody by Lady John Scott.

The words are entitled "A Jewish Dirge," but the author has not been traced.

WHEN WE FIRST RADE DOWN ETTRICK.

From the unpublished MSS.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

YOUNG RANDAL.

The words of this ballad are by Robert Chambers.

The Melody by Lady John Scott.

The author wrote it to the tune of "There grows a bonnie brier bush," and it was sung to that air by the late David Kennedy, the Scottish vocalist, in his entertainments.

Robert Chambers, well known for his connection with the publishing house of W. & R. Chambers, Edinburgh, was born on the 10th July, 1802, at Peebles, and died at St. Andrews the 17th March, 1871. He contributed largely to our works on Scottish history and biography; also wrote a number of poems, the best known of which is "Young Randal."

YOUR VOICES ARE NOT HUSHED.

Words and Melody by Lady John Scott.

The song was written at Marchmont, Berwickshire, in 1842, three years after the death of her sister, Lady Hume-Campbell, which took place on 16th October, 1839. The original accompaniment was by William Hutchins Callcott (1807-1882).



SIR BERTRAM.

A Liddesdale Ballad.





DURISDEER.



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THINK ON ME.

When I no more behold thee.

Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.







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KATHERINE LOGIE.

When the Sun sets o'er the Lily Lea.



JEANNIE CAMERON'S DEATH SONG.



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SHAME ON YE GALLANTS.

A Jacobite Song.



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THE LADY BLANCHE'S BURIAL.



THE LADY BLANCHE'S BURIAL.

The Lady Blanche is dead
And in her cold grave laid,
And her eyes so fair, and her golden hair
In the dark damp earth must fade.

Four Knights bore her pall,
And they went mourning all,
The cold moon shone on every one,
And fast their tears did fall.

The first sighed heavily—
"Of noblest blood was she,
For lineage great, and queenly state,
Her peer can never be."

The second wept full sore—
"Shall I never see her more?
Her beauty bright was my delight,
And now my dream is o'er."

The third Knight wildly cried—
"O would she had not died!
Of lands so fair, she was the heir,
And of coffers of gold beside."

The fourth spoke sad and slow—
"O death, thou hast laid low
The sweetest flower, and from this hour
The world is a world of woe!"

Her dirge rose wild and deep—
"Mourn not her early sleep,
Her beauty and power, her lands and dower,
Are left,—but she doth not weep.

"The flowers of Heaven are fair,
And she blooms the sweetest there,
And the stars of night are not more bright
Than the crown on her golden hair."

THE SPECTRE'S LULLABY.



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O, MURMURING WATERS.

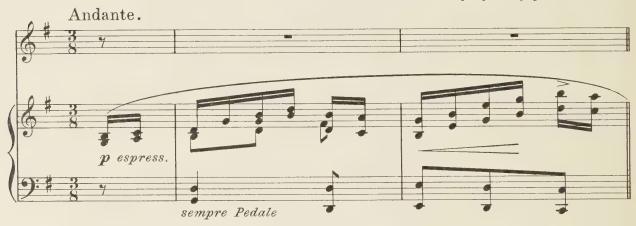
(Ettrick.)





AFTER CULLODEN.

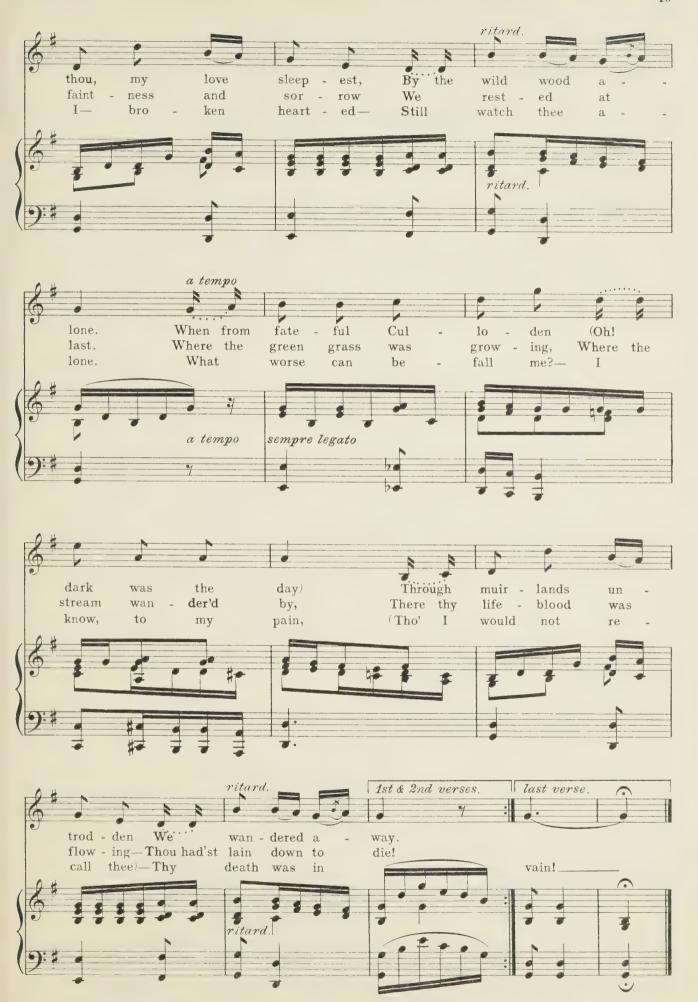
Words and Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.



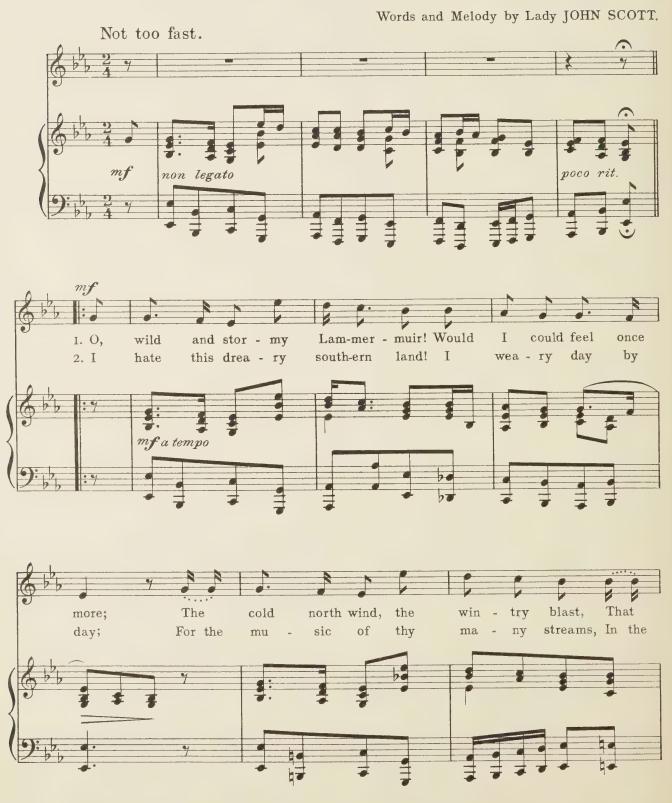




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LAMMERMUIR.



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Douglas.



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Annie Laurie.

Words of 1st and 2nd verses partly altered; and 3rd verse written by Lady JOHN SCOTT

Melody by Lady JOHN SCOTT.



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FAREWEEL!



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FAREWEEL!

Fareweel!

My heart beats low an' fast,
Its griefs will sune be past,
Cauld death is come at last,
Fareweel!

Fareweel!
I ken my mortal e'e
Your face nae mair will see,
It will haunt me till I dee,
Fareweel!

Fareweel!
I needna tell ye noo
For alas ower weel ye knew
That my love was deep and true
Fareweel!

Fareweel!

I kenned to my despair
'Twas a weary love an' sair,
But 'twill burden ye nae mair.
Fareweel!

Fareweel!

My step will ne'er again

Over hill and over plain

Follow on, through wind and rain.

Fareweel!

Fareweel!
Ye'll wander lane and chill
An' whiles upon the hill,
Will ye think ye see me still?
Fareweel!

Fareweel!
Ye'll sometimes miss the strain
Ye ne'er will hear again
It was breathed for you alane.
Fareweel!

Fareweel!
Oh! gently think o' me
And pity and forgie
Ane wha dee'd for love o' thee?
Fareweel!

THE COMIN' O' THE SPRING.





LAMENT OF LADY DUNDEE FOR HER HUSBAND.



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They might hae kenned the bitter signs,

They were na' far to seek,

In the sadness o' thy glorious e'e,

The paleness o' thy cheek.

A stormy life, a hero's death,

An' deathless fame are thine;

When a' thy foes forgotten lie

The clearer will it shine.

The mools are on the gallant heart,

That aye beat true to me;
The dust lies ower the waving hair,

I never mair shall see.
The ringing voice is silent,

That echoed wild an' free,
An' stirred the blude o' auld an' young

Wi' the war-cry o' "Dundee."

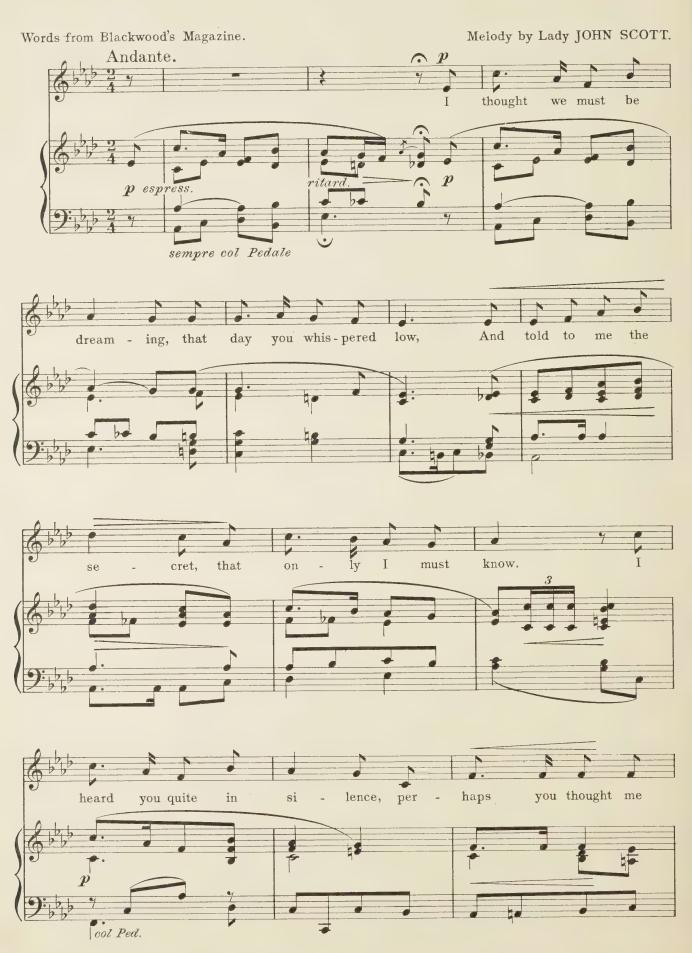
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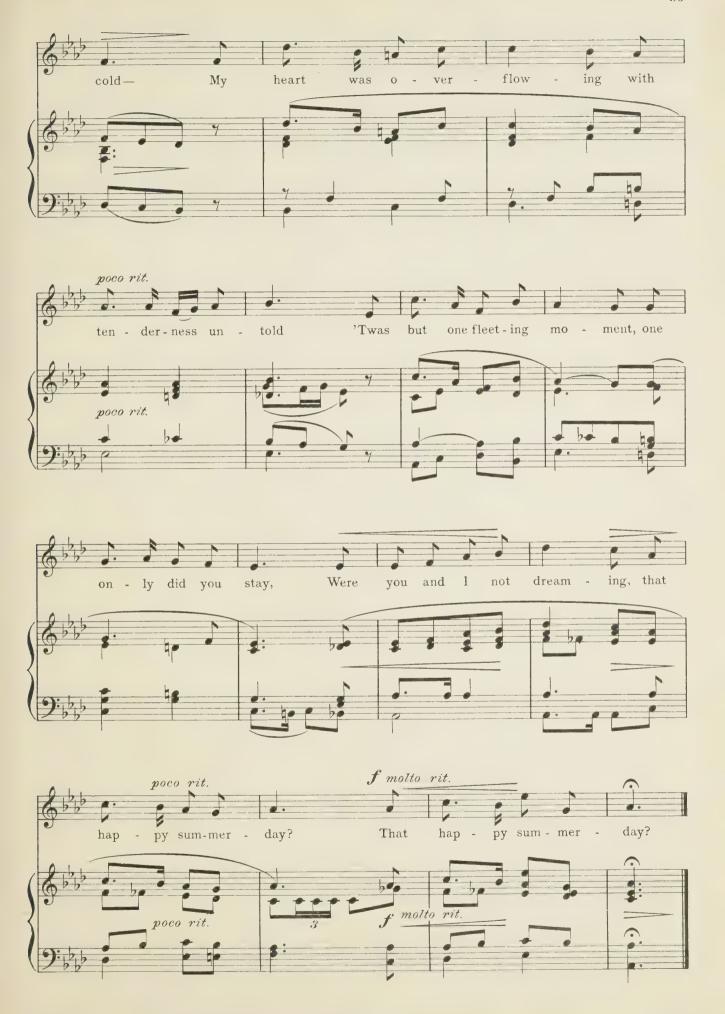
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I THOUGHT WE MUST BE DREAMING.



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MOTHER! OH, SING ME TO REST.



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THE BOUNDS O' CHEVIOT.



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My PRINCE.



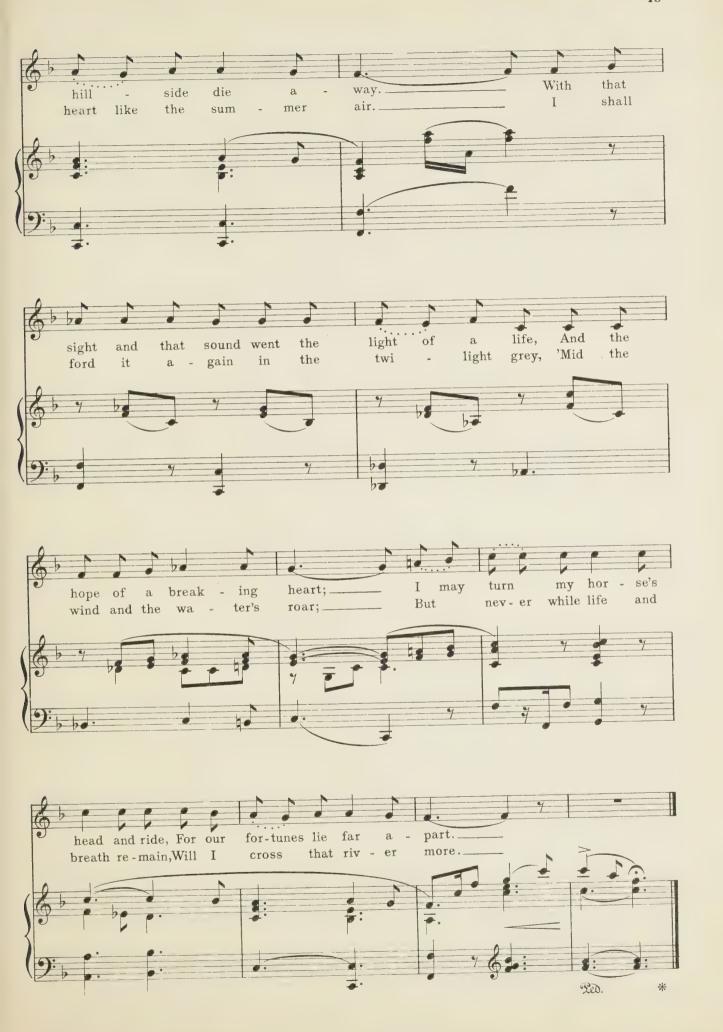
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KILPAULET BRAE.



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HER EYES THE GLOW-WORM LEND THEE.



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When we first rade down Ettrick.



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THE FOUL FORDS.

Jamie is gane.



YOUNG RANDAL.

Ballad.









YOUNG RANDAL.

Young Randal was a bonnie lad, when he gaed awa', Young Randal was a bonnie lad when he gaed awa', 'Twas in the sixteen hunder year o' grace and thretty twa, That Randal, the laird's youngest son gaed awa'.

It was a' to seek his fortune in the high Germanie, To fecht the foreign loons in their ain Countrie That he left his father's tower o' sweet Willanslee, And mony a heavy heart in the North Countrie.

He left his mother in her bow'r, his father in the ha', His brother at the outer yett, but and his sisters twa', And his bonnie cousin Jean, that looked owre the castle wa', And sair abune the lave, loot the tears doon fa'.

"Oh, whan will ye be back," sae kindly did she speir, "Oh, whan will ye be back, my hinny and my dear?" "Whenever I can win eneuch o' Spanish gear, To dress ye out in pearlins and silks, my dear."

Oh, Randal's hair was coal-black when he gaed awa'—
Oh, Randal's cheeks were roses red when he gaed awa',
And in his bonnie e'e, a spark glintet high,
Like the merrie, merrie lark in the morning sky.

Oh, Randal was an alter'd man whan he came hame— A sair alter'd man was he when he came hame: Wi' a ribbon at his breast, and a Sir afore his name— And wi' grey, grey locks did Randal come hame.

He lichted at the outer yett, and rispit wi' the ring, And down came a lady to see him come in, And after the lady came bairns fifteen: "Can this muckle wife be my true-love Jean?"

"Whatna a stoure carle is this," quo' the dame,
"Sae gruff and sae grand, sae feckless and sae lame?"
"Oh, tell me, fair madam, are ye bonnie Jeanie Graham?"
"In troth," quo' the lady, "ye hae guess'd my name."

He turned him about wi' a waefu' e'e, And a heart as sair as a heart could be; He lap upon his horse, and awa' did wildly flee, And never mair came back to sweet Willanslee.

Oh, dule upon the poortith o' this countrie, And dule upon the wars o' the high Germanie, And dule upon the love, that forgetfu' can be, For they've wreck'd the bravest heart in the hale countrie.

REMORSE.



THE CRUEL STEPMOTHER. Ballad.



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THE CRUEL STEPMOTHER.

"Bonnie Lady Annie, where are ye gaun?"
"I'm gaun to the green-wood through the wind and the rain, For my brither, he is out at the huntin' his lane."
"Bonnie Lady Annie, the night's gaun to fa'
Sune will the heavens be driftin' wi' snaw;
To the dark forest, oh! gang not awa!"

"Through wind and through snawdrift this night I maun gang For my brither has bidden at the huntin' owre lang An' I fear in my heart, there is something wrang." "Gang to your stepmother, my bonnie Leddy Anne, Ask three o' her horses, and twa o' her men, An' they'll bring your brither sune home again."

To her stepmother's bower Lady Annie's gane doon,
An' lowly an' tremblin' she begged the boon,
The Lady turned round and answered her soon.
"My men's by the fire, my horse in the sta';
They'll no gang the night for Lord John through the snaw,
If he bide or they seek him, he'll no come ava!"

Lady Annie turned round wi' the tear in her e'e.

"Weel Madam" she said, if nae better maun be,
Will ye grant your wee doggie to seek him wi' me?"

"The night it is mirk, and the wind's blawin' snell,
Asleep at my fit my doggie's as well,
If ye're wantin' Lord John, ye may seek him yersel."

She's waded the moss, and she's forded the burn, An' she's up the brae face wi' mony a turn, An' wearied she's won to the Forest o' Morne. Cauld drave the snaw through her lang yellow hair. "Ochon" quo' Lady Annie wi' mony a tear, "Were our father at home, I wadna been here!"

To the East and the West, she's seekin' him gane, In the mirk mid-night through the forest her lane, Cryin' aye as she gaed, "Oh Johnnie come hame." Through the cauld snaw she gaed widely and far, Wi' naethin' to guide her, neither moonlight nor star; Sad was the seeking—but the finding was waur!

Doun at the fit o' a bonnie birk tree,
Lying low in the snaw Lord John did she see,
But cauld was his cheek and dim was his e'e.
His red heart's blude was ebbing fu' fast,
In the Forest o' Morne he had hunted his last;
His hounds at his fit howled wild to the blast.

"There's nae need to ask, for but ane it can be Wad hae dune sic a deed, my Johnnie, to thee, It's our stepmother's wark"—"Ye say truly" quo' he. "On the braes o' the forest it's pleasant to dee Fu' saftly I lie, wi' the snaw driftin' free An' the birk trees are wavin' a welcome to me."

"Our cruel stepmother can harm me nae mair!
I'm gaun to a land she'll no grudge me to heir,
Where nae fause hand can reach, and the heart's never sair."
"The kind earth's beneath us, the heavens are abune;
My brither, we'll sleep a lang sleep and a soun'."
An' slowly an' weary Lady Annie lay doun.

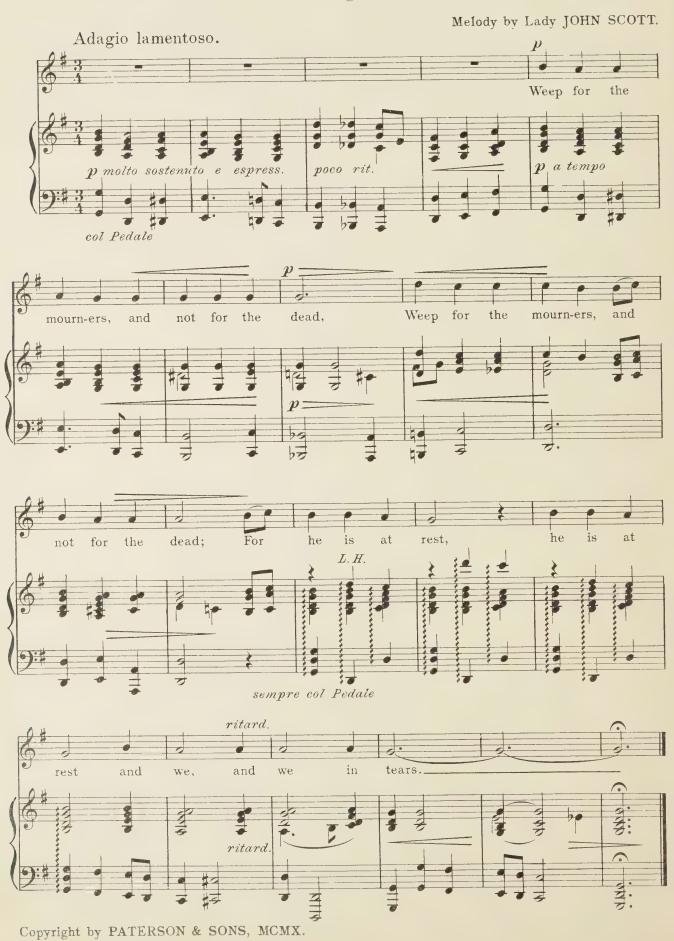
There are lights in the forest, an' a sound in the air;
O' horsemen approaching wi' the speed o' despair,
An' the Baron o' Morne, the foremost is there.
Oh sair was his heart and a wud man was he,
"My bairns! whom I lo'ed as the light o' my e'e,
Hae they hunted ye down to the wild woods to dee?"

Oh sad were the words that passed thir three atween Lord John and Lady Annie were weary, I ween, An' their voices turned faint, and dull grew their e'en. The high hills were round them, but higher than a' Their spirits or daybreak had mouted awa, An' the Baron o' Morne was his lane in the snaw.

Their cruel stepmother to the dungeon he's ta'en;
An' there has he bound her wi' mony a chain,
An' the sweet light o' heaven, she ne'er saw again.
He's banished her son—saying "Were't no for the sake
O' his prayer that's awa, and my word I'll no break,
Baith you and your mither should hae brunt at the stake."

WEEP FOR THE MOURNERS.

A Dirge.

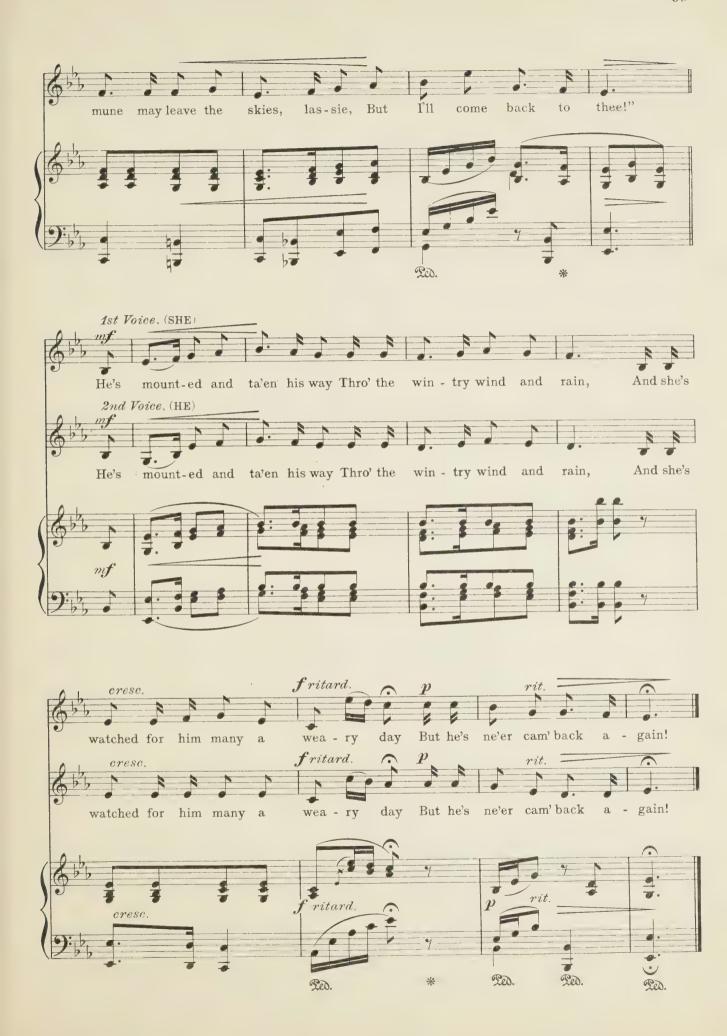


AE SMILE BEFORE WE PART, LASSIE!

Vocal Duet.









The Scottish Soprano Album

The Songs selected, edited, and annotated by Donald Ross
The accompaniments composed and revised by Alfred Moffat

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CONTENTS

When the first line differs from the title both are given

	Kry	COMPASS
Annie Laurie	E flat	E flat to G
As I sat at my spinning wheel	G	D to G
Auld Robin Gray	Ď	D to G
Annie Laurie As I sat at my spinning wheel Auld Robin Gray Away, ye gay landscapes, ye gardens of roses	$\tilde{\mathbf{D}}$	D to A
Bonnie Prince Charlie	D	D to G
Braw, Braw Lads	E flat	E flat to G
Bonnie Prince Charlie Braw, Braw Lads By yon bonnie banks and by yon bonnie braes	A	E to F sharp
Ca' the vowes to the knowes	C minor	C to G
Ca' the yowes to the knowes	G	D to G
Caller Ou'	Ď	D to F sharp
Caller Ou' Cam' ye by Athol, lad wi' the philabeg?	D	D to G
Comin' thro' the rve	B flat	F to G
Doun the Burn, Davie, love	C	C to A
Far awa' to bonnie Scotland	č	E to G
Far over you hills of the heather so green	B flat	F to G
Flora Macdonald's Lament	B flat	F to G
Gin a body meet a body	B flat	F to G
Hush-a-ba, Birdie	A flat	E flat to E
I lo'e na a laddie but ane	G	G to G
I'm wearin' awa'. Jean	B flat	F to G
I've heard them liltin' at our ewe-milkin'	A	E to F sharp
Cam' ye by Athol, lad wi' the philabeg? Comin' thro' the rye Doun the Burn, Davie, love Far awa' to bonnie Scotland Far over yon hills of the heather so green Flora Macdonald's Lament Gin a body meet a body Hush-a-ba, Birdie I lo'e na a laddie but ane I'm wearin' awa', Jean I've heard them liltin' at our ewe-milkin' I've seen the smiling of Fortune beguiling	B flat	C to G
Jessie's Dream	C	E to G
Jessie's Dream Jock o' Hazeldean Kind Robin lo'es me	F	C to F
Kind Robin lo'es me	Ğ	D to G
Lassie would ve lo'e me	Ä	E to F sharp
Lassie would ye lo'e me Let the proud Indian boast of his jessamine bowers	F	C to G (B flat)
Lochnagar	Ď	D to A
Lochnagar Maxwellton braes are bonnie	E flat	E flat to G
O gin I were a haron's heir	A	E to F sharp
O gin I were a baron's heir O Robin is my only jo O sing to me the auld Scotch sangs O where, tell me where, is your Highland laddie gone?	G	D to G
O sing to me the auld Scotch sangs	F	F to G
O where, tell me where, is your Highland laddie gone?	म	F to F
O whistle and I'll come to you, my lad	B flat	C to G (B flat)
Robin Adair	B flat	F to F
The Auld House	B flat	F to G
Robin Adair The Auld House The boatman o' the Forth (Caller Ou') The bonnie banks o' Loch Lomond	D	D to F sharp
The bonnie banks o' Loch Lomond	Ā	E to F sharp
The bonnie brier-bush	B flat	F to G
The bonnie brier-bush	F	F to F
The Flowers of the Forest	B flat	C to G
The Flowers o' the Forest (ancient)	A	E to F sharp
The Isle of Skye The Land o' the Leal	E flat	D to G
The Land of the Leal	B flat	F to G
The Scottish bluebells	F	C to G (B flat)
The Scottish bluebells The spinning wheel The stars are shining cheerily, cheerily	Ğ	D to G
The stars are shining cheerily, cheerily	G	D to G
There are two bonnie maidens	E flat	D to G
There grows a honnie brier-bush	B flat	F to G
There grows a bonnie brier-bush	E flat	E flat to G
Turn ye to me	G	D to G
'Twas within a mile o' Edinburgh town	Ğ	B to G
Wha'll buy caller herrin'?	Ğ	D to G
What's this dull town to me?	B flat	F to F
When trees did bud, and fields were green	C	C to A
When winter winds howl	Ď	D to F sharp
Why weep ye by the tide, lady?	F	C to F
Willie's gane to Melville Castle	Ď	F sharp to F sharp
Within a mile o' Edinburgh town	Ğ	B to G
Ye banks and braes	B flat	F to G
Young Jamie lo'ed me weel	D	D to G
a delig James to our me noon		2.00

PATERSON and SONS.

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CONTENTS

	When the t	irst line	differs fro	om the t	itle both are giver	z	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				Key		Compass
Ae fond kiss					E flat		B flat to E flat
And ye shall walk in silk attire.				•	B flat		A to D flat
And are ye sure the news is true		*			C		C to C
Auld House, The				•	F		C to D
Auld Robin Gray				•	B flåt B flat		B flat to E flat B flat to F
Away, ye gay landscapes .		*		•	D nat		D to E
Aye waukin', O! Banks of Allan Water, The		•		٠	G		B to D
Rarbara Allan	• •			•	A min.		C to D
Barbara Allan Boatmen o' the Forth, The Bonnie Banks o' Loch Lomond,					B flat		B flat to D
Bonnie Banks o' Loch Lomond.	The				F		C to D
Bonnie, bonnie Bairn, The Bonnie Earl o' Moray, The		4		*	E flat		B flat to E flat
Bonnie Earl o' Moray, The					E flat		B flat to E flat
Bonnie George Campbell					F		C to D
Broom o' the Cowdenknowes, Th	ne				B flat		B flat to D
By the stream so pure and clear .	h				D F		B to E C to D
By yon bonnie banks and by yon	bonnie brae	s .		٠	D		A to D
Caller Herrin'		•	4 *	*	B flat		B flat to D
Ca' the Vowes to the Knowes				•	G min.		G to D
Castles in the air					E flat		B flat to E flat
Cauld blaws the wind frae North	to South .				D min.	1	A to D
Cockle shells					E flat		B flat to C
Comin' thro' the Rye					F		C to D
Castles in the air Cauld blaws the wind frae North Cockle shells Comin' thro' the Rye Confide ye aye in Providence					E min.		A to D
Doun the burn, Davie, Love .					A flat		A flat to F
Far over you hills of the heather	so green .	٠		•	F		C to D C to D
Flora Macdonald's Lament .		*		•	E flat		B flat to C
Flowers o' the Forest, The Gin a body meet a body		•		•	F		C to D
Glenlogie					G min.		B flat to D
Glenlogie . He's aye kissing me . Hie upon Hielands and laigh upon How blythe was I ilk morn to see					E flat		B flat to E flat
Hie upon Hielands and laigh upo	n Tay .				F		C to D
How blythe was I ilk morn to see	е				B flat		B flat to D
Hush-a-ba, Birdie I've heard them liltin' at the ewe		*		•	F		C to D
I've heard them liltin' at the ewe	milkin' .		*,		E flat		B flat to C
Ilka blade o' grass		•		•	E min.		A to D C to D
I winna marry ony man but Sand	s time .	100		۰	E flat		B flat to E flat
Tock o' Hazeldean	ly Ow IC thic	ica i			D		A to D
Jock o' Hazeldean					B flat		B flat to F
Logie o' Buchan Maid that tends the Goats, The				,	G		B to D
Maid that tends the Goats, The .					E min.		A to D
O Bothwell Bank O can ye sew cushions?					B flat		B flat to D
O can ye sew cushions?				*	E flat		B flat to E flat
O Logie o' Buchan O wha is he I lo'e sae weel? Red, red is the path to glory		*		4	G		B to D
Red red is the nath to glory			•	Þ	E min.		C to E B to E
Rowan Tree, The		*		*	C Inni.		C to C
Simmer's a pleasant time				٠	Ď		D to E
Stars are shining cheerily, The				,	E flat	1	B flat to E flat
There grows a bonnie brier-bush					F		C to D
There's nae luck about the house					C		C to C
They're a' teasing me					C		C to E
This is no my plaid	721 . 1 1 1			•	E min.		B to B
Three score o' nobles rade up the Turn ye to me	_				G min.		B flat to D
Turn ye to me . 'Twas within a mile o' Edinburgh	h town	•			E flat		B flat to E flat G to E flat
Up amang you cliffy rocks.	ii town .	•		•	E min.		A to D
Up in the morning early .					D min.		A to D
Wha'll buy caller herrin'?.					D		A to D
When cockle shells turn siller be	lls				E flat		B flat to C
When trees did bud					A flat		A flat to F
When Winter winds howl.		•			B flat		B flat to D
Why weep ye by the tide, ladye		•			D		A to D
Within a mile o' Edinburgh town Ye banks and braes	n . ,	•		٠	E flat		G to E flat
Ye Hielands and ye Lawlands		٠	•		F B flat		C to D B flat to E flat
Young Jamie lo'ed me weel		•			B flat		B flat to E flat
James James House		4			, Dilat !	1	D Hat to E Hat

The Scottish Tenor Album

The Songs selected, edited, and annotated by Donald Ross The accompaniments composed and revised by Alfred Moffat

Octavo Size. Paper Covers, 2/= nett. Limp Leather, 4/= nett.

A Book that contains "Mary" (Kind, kind and gentle is she) is sure to be welcomed wherever the song is known, and that must surely be everywhere. In addition to the finest Lyrics, it includes "The Bonnie Braes o' Airlie," "Meenie," "Oh! open the door," "Thou lingering star," "The Scottish Blue Bells," "Thine am I, my faithful fair," etc., which will be a welcome addition to the Tenor's repertoire.

CONTENTS

When the first line differs from the title both are given

4.6. 999	Kby	COMPASS
Annie Laurie	1 C	E to G
Annie Laurie	E flat	E flat to G
Auld Lang Syne A wee bird cam' to our ha' door. Ronnie Brees o' Airlie The	G	D to E (G)
A wee bird cam' to our ha' door.	B flat	F to G
Bonnie Braes o' Airlie, The	C	E to G
Bonnie sing the birds in the bright English valleys	Č	E to G
Confide ye aye in Providence Farewell! Farewell! my native hame	A minor	E to G
Farewell! Farewell! my native hame	E flat	E flat to A flat
Flow gently, sweet Afton	C	E to G
Gae, bring my guid auld harp ance mair	E flat	D to G
Gae, bring to me a pint o' wine .	D	
I have heard the mavis singing .	G	D to G
Tiles blade of green	1	E to E (G)
Ilka blade o' grass I'm wearin' awa', Jean	A minor	E to G
I m wearm awa, jean	B flat	D to G
Jessie, the flower o' Dunblane	A	C sharp to F sharp
Jock o' Hazeldean Kind, kind, and gentle is she Land o' the Leal, The	F	C to F
Kind, kind, and gentle is she	G	D to G
Land o' the Leal, The	B flat	D to G
Let the proud Indian poast of his Jessamine howers	F	C to G (B flat)
Macgregor's gathering Mary (Kind, kind and gentle is she)	D	D to A
Mary (Kind, kind and gentle is she) .	G	D to G
Mary of Argyle	G	E to E (G)
Maxwellton braes are bonnie	E flat	E flat to G
Meenie	A minor	E to A
My ain dear Nell	F	F to G
My bonnie Mary	D	D to G
My Heather Hills	D	
My love is like a red, red rose		D to G
Mrs Namic's awa?	D	D to A
My Nannie's awa' Nameless Lassie, The	B flat	D to F
Nameless Lassie, The	B flat	F to G
Now in her green mantle blythe nature arrays	B flat	D to F
O bonny Nellie Brown Of a' the airts	F	F to G
Of a' the airts	A flat	C to A flat
O gladsome is the sea wi' its heavin' tide	D	D to G
Open the door	E flat	E flat to G
Open the door	E flat	E flat to G
O Nanny, wilt thou gang wi' me	E flat	D to A
O sing to me the auld Scotch sangs	F	F to G
O white's the moon upon the loch	A minor	E to A
Should auld acquaintance be forgot	G	D to E (G)
Scotland yet	E flat	D to G
Scots who had	C	E to G
Scots wha hae	F	C to G (B flat)
	E flat	
Scottish Emigrant's Farewell, The		E flat to A flat
The moon's on the lake and the mist's on the brae	E flat	B flat to G
	D	D to A
The sun has gane down o'er the lofty Ben Lomond	A	C sharp to F sharp
There's many a man of the Cameron Clan	E flat	B flat to G
There's nane may ever guess or trow	B flat	F to G
Thine am I, my faithful fair	C	E to A
Thou lingering star	G minor	D to G
To Mary in Heaven	G minor	D to G
Wae's me for Prince Charlie	B flat	F to G
Why weep ye by the tide, ladye	F	C to F
Ye banks and bracs	B flat	F to G
	1	_

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The Scottish Baritone Album

The Songs selected, edited, and annotated by Donald Ross The accompaniments composed and revised by Alfred Moffat

Octavo Size. Paper Covers, 2/= nett. Limp Leather, 4/= nett

This is a work either for Concert or Home use, which will be hailed with delight by all Baritones. lesser-known songs which will be welcomed as an addition to their repertoire are:—"I am a Son of Mars," "Cruickstone Castle," "The Bonnie Earl o' Moray," "Hame, Hame, Hame," "The Ash Tree," "Open the Door," "Smile again, my bonnie lassie," "Lock the door, Lariston," etc., along with such well-known songs as "Mary (Kind, kind, and gentle is she)," "The Macgregor's Gathering," "Ae fond kiss," "My love is like a red, red rose," "When the kye come hame," "Sound the Pibroch," "Gae bring to me a pint o' wine," "Leezie Lindsay," "John Grumlie," "The Piper o' Dundee," etc., etc.

CONTENTS

When the first line differs from the title both are given

						Key		COMPASS
Ae fond kiss						D	- 1	D to E
A man's a man for a' that .						A flat	1	E flat to F
Annie Laurie						C		C to E
A wee bird cam' to our ha' door						F		C to D
Rine Bonnets over the Border						E flat		B flat to E flat
Ronnia Dundea	•	•		•	•	E flat		B flat to E flat
Bonnie Dundee Come all ye jolly shepherds Come o'er the stream, Charlie Cope sent a letter frae Dunbar			•		•	A minor		C to E
Come o'er the stream Charlie	•	•	•	•	•	D		A to E
Consent a letter free Dunbar	•		'		•	E minor		B to E
Carillatan Castle					•	C		C to F
Cruikston Castle	•				•	Ă		E to E
Duncan Gray		- (Cootland	370+1		•	Ĉ		B to E
Gae bring my guid auid narp and	e mai	r (Scottanu	retj	•	•	B flat		B flat to E flat
Gae bring to me a pint o' wine Green grow the rashes, O!		• •			•	B flat minor	1	B flat to E flat
Green grow the rashes, O!	•	•			•	A minor		D to E
Hame, hame!	4				•		1	A to E
I am a son of Mars Is there, for honest poverty (A n						D		
Is there, for honest poverty (A n	nan's a	ı man)				A flat		E flat to F
John Anderson, my Jo John Grumlie						F minor		C to E flat
John Grumlie						A flat		C to E flat
Johnnie Cope Kind, kind, and gentle is she (M. Leezie Lindsay Lock the door, Lariston						E minor		B to E
Kind, kind, and gentle is she (M	(ary)					F		C to F
Leezie Lindsay					,	E flat		B flat to E flat
Lock the door, Lariston .						A minor		A to E
March! march! Ettrick and Te	viotda	le! .				E flat		B flat to E flat
Mary (Kind, kind, and gentle is	she)					F		C to F
Maxwellton braes are bonnie						C		C to E
My honnie Mary					•	B flat		B flat to E flat
My bonnie Mary My heather hills	•	•			•	C		C to F
My love is like a red, red rose	•	•	•	•	•	B flat		B flat to F
O pladama is the see wil its her	vin' ti	de	•		•	C		C to F
O gladsome is the sea wi' its hea	o shou	ide .	•		•	č		C to E
Oh! open the door, some pity to	O SHOV	٠.	•		•	E flat		B flat to E flat
Oh! why left I my hame?.	•	•	•			C		C to E
Open the door O'Willie's gane to Melville Cast Roy's Wife o' Aldivalloch .			•		•	C		E to E
O Willie's gane to Melville Cast	1e				•	_		B flat to E flat
Roy's Wife o' Aldivalloch .	•					B flat		
Scotland Yet!					•	C		B to E
Smile again my bonnie lassie						G		B to E
Sound the Pibroch						F		C to D
The Ash Tree The Bonnie Earl o' Moray						E flat		B flat to E flat
The Bonnie Earl o' Moray						B flat		D to D
The Deil cam' fiddlin' through the Deil's awa' wi' th' Excisement	he tou	$n \setminus .$				E flat		B flat to E flat
The Deil's awa' wi' th' Excisem	an	\ .				E flat		B flat to E flat
The Laird o' Cockpen The Macgregor's Gathering The moon's on the lake and the						E minor		B to E
The Macgregor's Gathering			- 1			B flat		B flat to F
The moon's on the lake and the	mist's	on the bra	e (B flat		B flat to F
The piper cam to our town						G .		D to E
The Piper o' Dundee						G		D to E
The piper cam to our town The Piper o' Dundee . The Standard on the Braes o' M	Iar					G		D to E
The Winter it is past						E flat		E flat to E flat
There grows an ash by my bow'	r door	(The Ash	Tree)			E flat		B flat to E flat
There's nought but care on ev'ry	v hand					B flat minor		B flat to E flat
Thro' Cruikston Castle's lonely	wa's					C		C to F
To the Lords of Convention 'two	as Clar	verhouse sn	oke (1	Bonnie 1	Dundeel			B flat to E flat
					- undec)	F		C to D
Wae's me for Prince Charlie						A minor		C to E
When the kye comes hame						C		E to E
Willie's gane to Melville Castle	agric					E flat		B flat to E flat
Will ye gang to the Hielands, I	Jeezie	Linusay	•		,	F		C to F
Wilt thou be my dearie? Ye Hielands and ye Lawlands	*		•		,	_		D to D
Ye Hielands and ye Lawlands		,				B flat	- Parameter	D 10 D

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